



## Lightweight optimized gear design through PM manufacturing technology

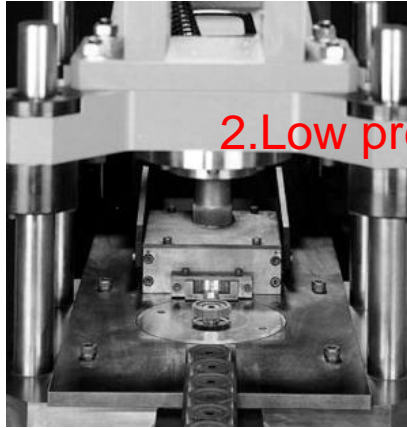
Anders Flodin Höganäs AB

# Presentation Contents

- Manufacturing of PM gears –Process steps
- Design considerations macro geometry
- Design considerations micro geometry
- NVH and vibrations
- Application examples
- Next steps

# Manufacturing of PM gears

1.Compact



2.Low pressure Sinter & CQT



3. CQT

2.Sinter



4.Grind

3 step process to gears compare to +10 steps for conventional gear mfg  
Utilize new furnace technology –less distorsion –clean parts



# Design: Example: 4:th drive gear 6 speed manual

Steel

PM



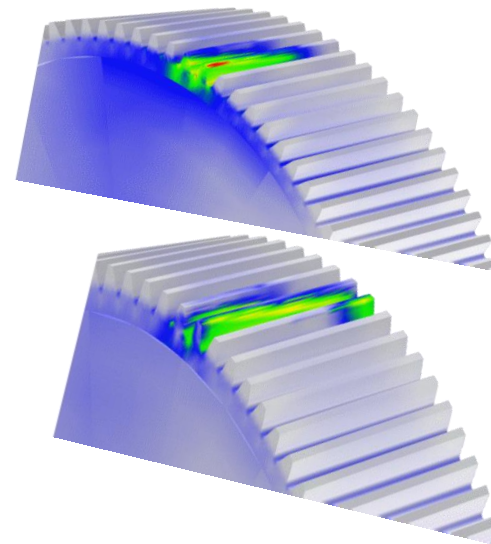
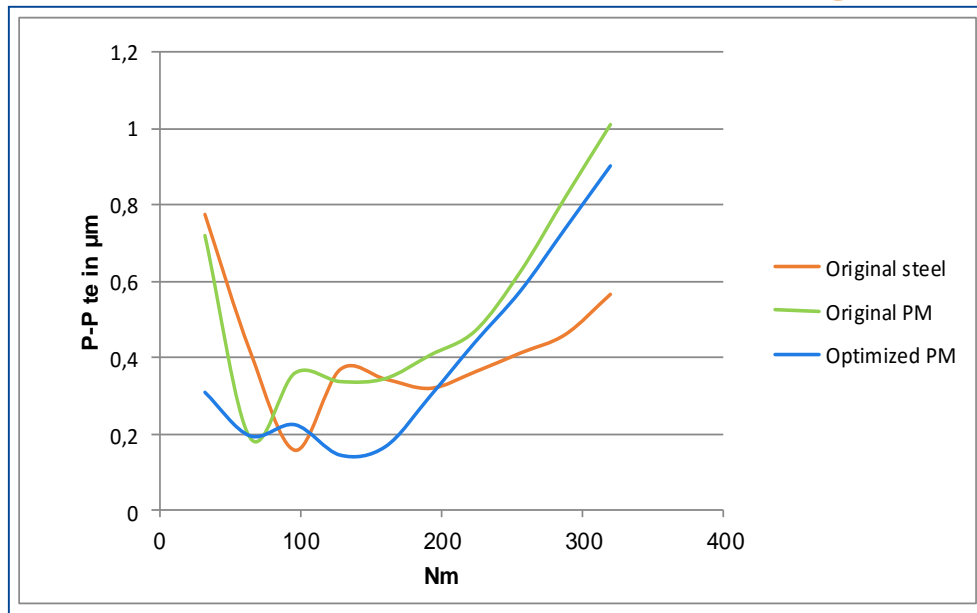
$Z=48$   
 $m=1,7$   
 $\beta=30,9$

$Z=50$   
 $m=1,64$   
 $\beta=32,2$

14% less mass  
13% lower contact stress  
20% lower bending stress



## Example of transmission error and stress levels steel vs. PM at M32 gearbox 4th gear



Part:

4th original:

4th original PM:

Optimized PM:

Max surface pressure:

1284 MPa

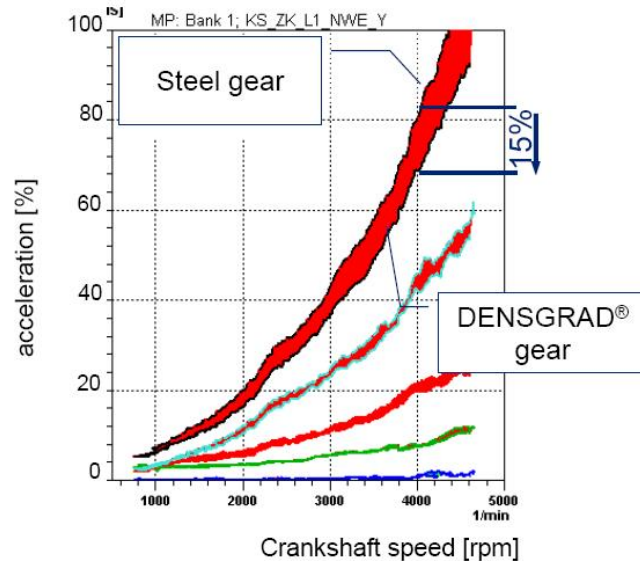
1097 MPa

1040 MPa

# NVH Timing gears, source MIBA (BMW)

## Noise Measurement on a running Engine

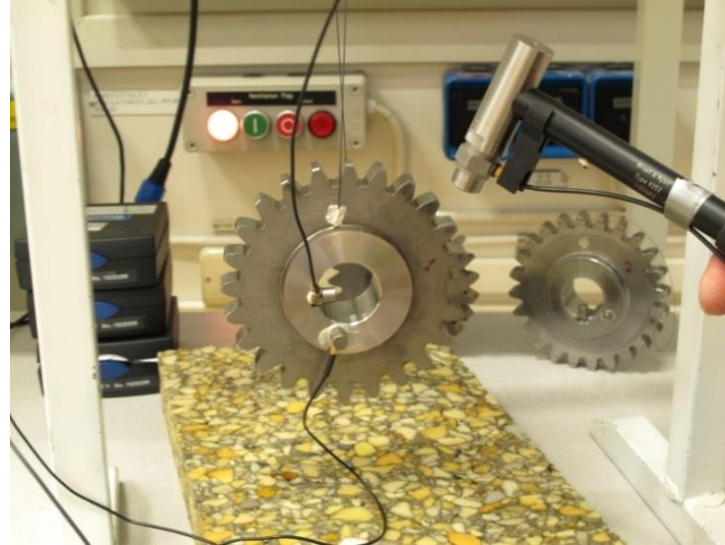
Comparison of Steel/ Sinter steel at Cylinder Head  
Backlash of Teeth approx.. 150  $\mu\text{m}$



- cumulated level
- band pass 0-1 kHz
- band pass 1-5 kHz
- band pass 5-10 kHz
- 29.5 order

# Sound Characteristics of PM vs. Wrought Steel (From Sosa. M)

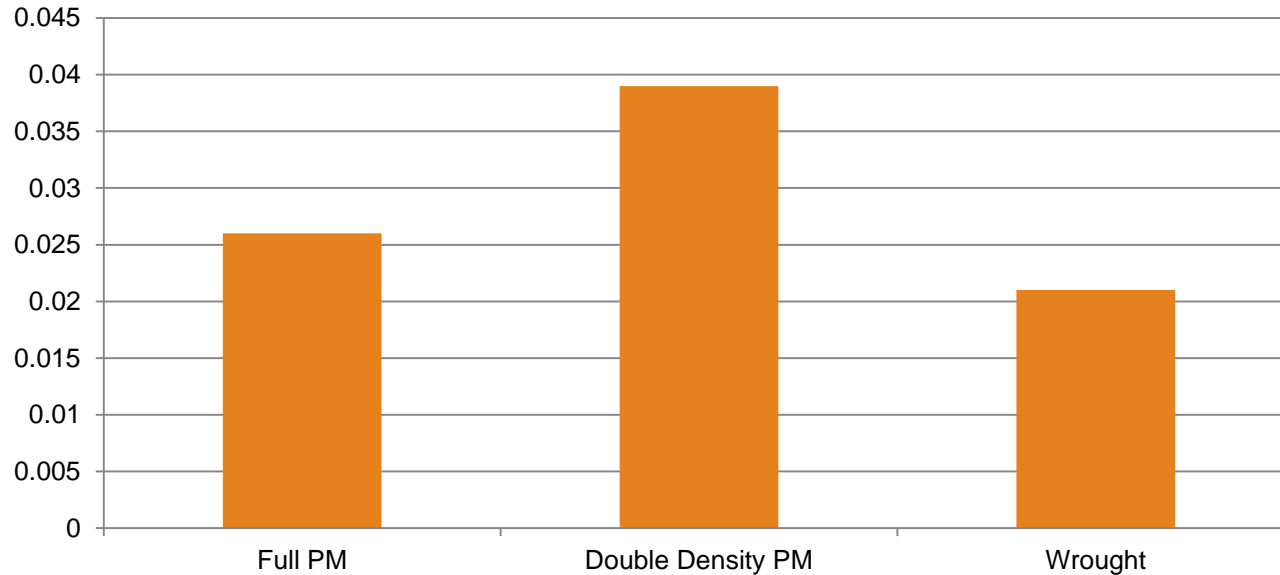
- Sound characteristics of the following three materials tested in the MWL, Stockholm
  - Wrought Steel
  - Conventional PM
  - Double Density PM
- FZG C type gears
- Damping measurements based on:
  - Reverberation time
  - Frequency response function





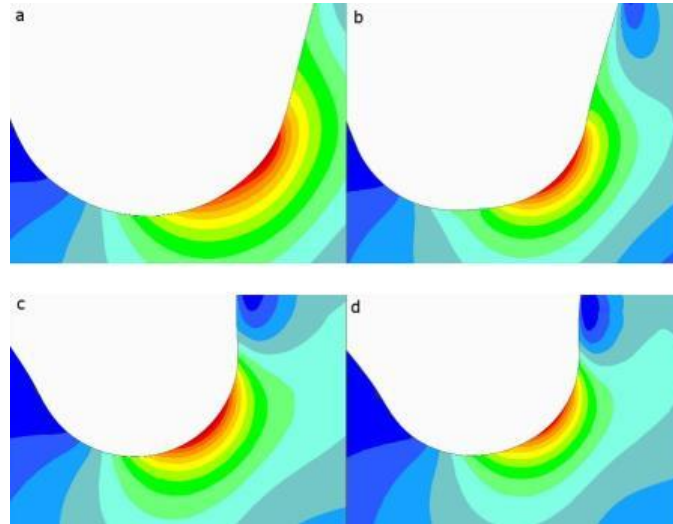
# Reverberation time results (From Sosa. M)

**Damping in % of critical, reveberation measurements**



# Reducing tooth root stresses with PM

| Root form | 1 <sup>st</sup> input | 1 <sup>st</sup> output | 4 <sup>th</sup> input | 4 <sup>th</sup> output | 6 <sup>th</sup> input | 6 <sup>th</sup> output |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Original  | 1                     | 1                      | 1                     | 1                      | 1                     | 1                      |
| Spline    | 1                     | 1                      | 0.96                  | 0.94                   | 0.93                  | 0.93                   |
| Elliptic  | 0.92                  | 0.96                   | 0.82                  | 0.76                   | 0.83                  | <b>0.70</b>            |



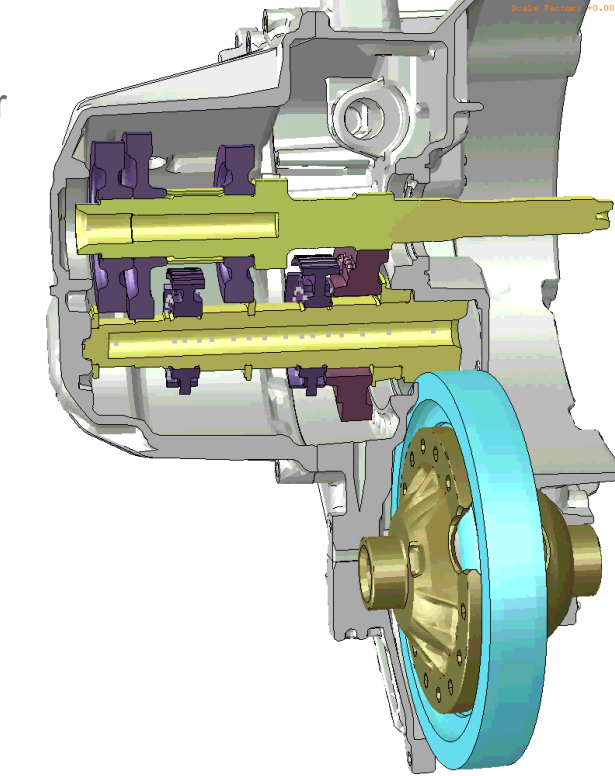
Input gear

Output gear

# Redesign and testing of 6 speed manual transmission



- Complete reverse engineer and redesign of all gears
- System approach; all deformations simulated
- Prove the concept of high load carrying gears



# Results from testing

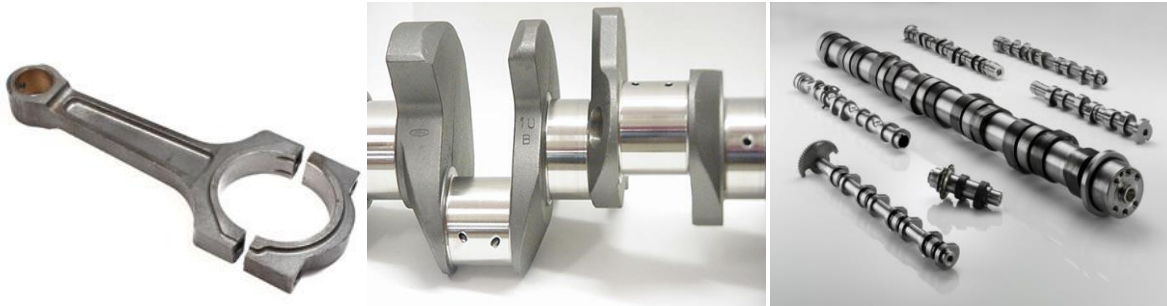


Höganäs 

- Breaking load
  - 1100Nm and higher (engine torque 230NM)
- 1:st + 2:nd order vibrations lower than stock steel gears
- 300 000Km durability test –Pass
- 1.6 Kg weight reduction on gears.
- Average 18% inertia reduction on rotating gears.

# Future

- A number (3-5) of cars with different technologies
  - Hybrid
  - Range extender
  - AWD
  - E-car
  - Different sizes for different geographical markets



# Powder Powered Electromagnetic Applications

- E-turbo, ABS motor
- Traction motor, inductors
- Injector cores



6,7kW/kg

16Nm/kg





# Thank you for your attention!



## 640 Nm through PM gears; That's Power of Powder!